

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS APRIL 30, 2020

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## STATEMENT OF ADMINISTRATIVE RESPONSIBILITY

The administration of the University is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements, the notes thereto and all other financial information contained in this annual report.

The financial statements were prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations. The administration believes the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the University's financial position as at April 30, 2020 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended. In order to achieve the objective of fair presentation in all material respects, the use of reasonable estimates and judgments was employed. Additionally, the administration has ensured that all financial information presented in this report has been prepared in a manner consistent with that in the financial statements.

In fulfilling its responsibilities and recognizing the limits inherent in all systems, the administration has developed and maintains a system of internal control designed to provide reasonable assurance that University assets are safeguarded from loss and that the accounting records are a reliable basis for the preparation of financial statements.

The University has retained Aon Hewitt in order to provide an estimate of the University's liability for pension and other post-employment benefits. The administration has provided the valuation actuary with the information necessary for the completion of the University's report and retains ultimate responsibility for the determination and estimation of the reported pension and other benefit liabilities.

The Board of Governors carries out its responsibility for review of the financial statements and this annual report principally through its Finance and Audit Committee (the "Committee"). The majority of the members of the Committee are not officers or employees of the University. The Committee meets regularly with the administration, as well as the internal auditors and the external auditors, to discuss the results of audit examinations and financial reporting matters, and to satisfy itself that each party is properly discharging its responsibilities. The auditors have full access to the Committee with and without the presence of the administration.

Ernst & Young LLP, Chartered Professional Accountants, the auditors appointed by the Board of Governors, have reported on the financial statements for the year ended April 30, 2020. The independent auditor's report outlines the scope of their audit and their opinion on the presentation of the information included in the financial statements.

Carol McAulay

Vice-President, Finance and Administration

C. Maulay

Rhonda L. Lenton

President and Vice-Chancellor

Bridaletta.



## COMMENTARY ON YORK UNIVERSITY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – 2019-2020 AND FINANCIAL OUTLOOK

The University successfully completed its academic programs and experienced a successful conclusion to the fiscal year despite the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic in the latter half of the winter term.

#### **Financial Commentary**

Student fee revenue for 2019-20 was driven by strong enrolments at both the domestic and international undergraduate level. Undergraduate enrolments totaled 36,191 domestic fiscal fulltime equivalents ('FFTEs') for 2019-20 compared to 34,804 FFTEs for the prior year. International undergraduate enrolments for 2019-20 comprised 7,847 FFTEs, compared to 6,593 FFTEs for the prior year. These robust enrolment numbers contributed to incremental tuition revenue growth, notwithstanding the provincial government's decision in January, 2019 to reduce domestic tuition fees by 10% for the fiscal year. Student fee revenue increased from \$694 million in 2018-2019 to \$714 million in 2019-20.

Government grants, which consist largely of provincial grants and other research related funding, amounted to \$387 million (2018-19 – \$418 million). Provincial operating grants were unchanged relative to the prior fiscal year. The decrease in government grants relates largely to the recognition of revenue for research related funding. Revenue for research is recognized as expenditures are incurred. Research related expenditures (and the recognition of revenue) in the months of March and April in 2020 were markedly lower, as the University moved to a remote working environment, due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

Investment income from operating funds increased to \$23 million (2018-19 – \$19 million), largely the result of more favourable short-term interest rates and higher operating cash balances. The University follows the deferral method for accounting for investment income on external endowments, and recognizes investment income in the Statement of Operations as related expenses are incurred. The amount of investment income recognized in the Statement of Operations for both internal and external endowments was just over \$14 million (2018-19 – \$15 million).

The market value of the University's endowments was \$495 million at April 30, 2020, compared to \$496 million, for the prior year. The University's rate of return was 2.2% in 2019-20 (2018-19-9.1%). The COVID-19 pandemic disrupted capital markets and returns in the last two months of fiscal 2020.

The University's operating cash and cash equivalents amounted to \$160 million at April 30, 2020 (2018-19 – \$124 million). Operating resources invested in short to medium term fixed income products amounted to \$896 million at April 30, 2020 (2018-19 – \$701 million). The University maintains these cash balances to finance the University capital plans, described below.

Salaries and benefits increased from \$747 million in 2018-19 to \$772 million in 2019-20. The increase in salaries and benefits was largely the result of salary increments from collective agreements and additional faculty complement hiring to support the University's academic and research mission.

The University continues to support students with financial assistance. Scholarships and bursaries amounted to \$98 million in 2019-20 compared to \$92 million for the prior year.

Interest on long-term debt was \$27.2 million for 2019-20, compared to \$26.1 million for 2018-19. In 2018-19, a portion of interest on long-term debt was capitalized. The University issued a new debenture of \$100 million for general corporate purposes on April 1, 2020. The debenture's interest rate is 3.39% and matures in 2060.

Operating costs for 2019-20 were \$159 million compared to \$166 million for 2018-19. A portion of the decrease is the result of the expensing of soft costs for the Markham Centre Campus in 2018-19, as reported last year. In addition, as indicated above, research related expenditures also decreased this year relative to last year, as a result of COVID-19.

As summarized on the balance sheet, the University's unrestricted accumulated deficit has decreased from \$33 million in 2018-19 to \$31 million in 2019-20. The decrease in the accumulated deficit is the result of a small surplus in the University's ancillary operations. Surpluses related to academic operations are internally restricted and do not affect the University's unrestricted deficit.

#### **Major Capital Projects**

Planning and construction activity continued on a number of important capital projects. Planning, design and procurement for the Markham Centre Campus (the "Campus") progressed significantly during the year. As previously reported, on October 23, 2018, the provincial government cancelled capital funding for the project. The University remained committed to the Campus and in 2019, the Board of Governors approved the Markham Centre Campus Project (the "Project") with a total project budget of \$275.5M. The Project will be financed through the aforementioned debenture of \$100 million, a contribution of land by the City of Markham, valued at \$50 million, a contribution from the Region of York for \$25 million, fundraising of \$50 million and a \$50.5 million contribution from reserves. The Campus is expected to open in 2023. Program offerings at the Markham Centre Campus will create high-quality digital learning opportunities to prepare students for the digital economy. The Campus will eventually accommodate 4,000 students at both the undergraduate and graduate level and will secure the University's presence in the rapidly growing York Region.

During the fiscal year, construction began on the new School of Continuing Studies building, at a projected cost of \$72.7 million. The new building will accommodate the growing needs of the School for Continuing Studies (the "School") and will provide approximately 10,800 square meters of space and has a targeted completion date of June, 2021. The School of Continuing Studies was established three years ago, bringing together continuing professional education programs and English language support at the University to form one of the largest schools in Canada. The project's costs will be entirely funded by the School.

Design of the Neuroscience Facility at Sherman Health Science Research Centre also continued. This project has a budgeted cost of \$43.5 million and has a targeted completion date of the summer of 2022. The building will host the VISTA research neuroscience facility and provide additional office and clinical space for the Faculty of Health.

#### **COVID-19 Pandemic**

Going forward, the University will be challenged by the COVID-19 pandemic. The University was able to successfully complete the winter term through remote teaching. While enrolment for the summer session for fiscal 2020-21 remains extremely positive, the institution is analyzing and modelling various planning scenarios for the upcoming fall term. The current situation, however, is unprecedented and it is very difficult to anticipate what impact the pandemic will have on enrolments. In addition, it is expected that the pandemic will have significant financial consequences for non credit programs, and ancillary businesses, such as residences and parking. The University is reviewing various options to mitigate the impacts of the pandemic, but it is becoming increasingly evident that the pandemic will present significant financial and operational challenges in fiscal 2020-21, and likely beyond. The University will work with the sector, the provincial government and health authorities to carefully navigate the future to ensure the institution continues to deliver on its mission and to safeguard the health of students, faculty and staff.

Carol McAulay

Vice-President, Finance and Administration

### **SUMMARY OF REVENUE AND EXPENSES**

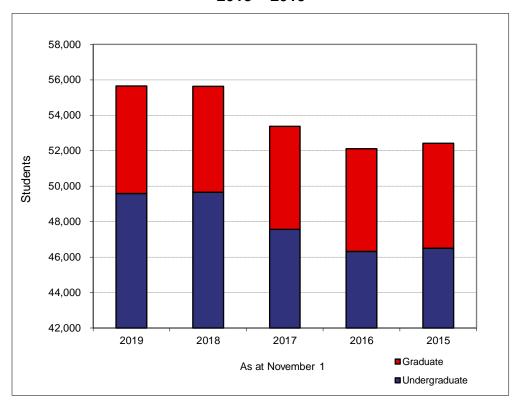
## Total Revenue and Expenses (Millions of dollars)

Year ended April 30	<b>2020</b> \$	<b>2019</b> \$	<b>2018</b> \$	<b>2017</b> \$	<b>2016</b> \$
REVENUE	<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· ·	<u> </u>
Student fees	714.2	694.2	550.4	555.5	519.8
Grants and contracts	387.2	418.1	390.0	380.3	371.7
Sales and services	64.7	69.1	64.4	66.2	64.8
Fees, recoveries and other income	37.3	38.6	37.4	39.7	37.1
Investment income	37.3	33.1	21.0	25.1	23.6
Amortization of deferred capital contributions	18.1	17.5	15.2	16.2	15.6
Donations	9.8	8.5	15.0	12.1	8.6
	1,268.6	1,279.1	1,093.4	1,095.1	1,041.2
EXPENSES					
Salaries and benefits	772.4	746.7	715.1	715.4	696.8
Operating costs	158.6	166.5	154.9	142.9	138.9
Scholarships and bursaries	98.2	91.8	85.7	80.8	68.8
Amortization of capital assets	48.5	46.1	43.4	45.3	42.7
Taxes and utilities	27.0	25.2	31.3	33.3	33.0
Interest on long-term debt	27.2	26.1	26.8	26.8	23.5
Cost of sales and services	11.4	12.4	13.6	14.2	14.2
	1,143.3	1,114.8	1,070.8	1,058.7	1,017.9

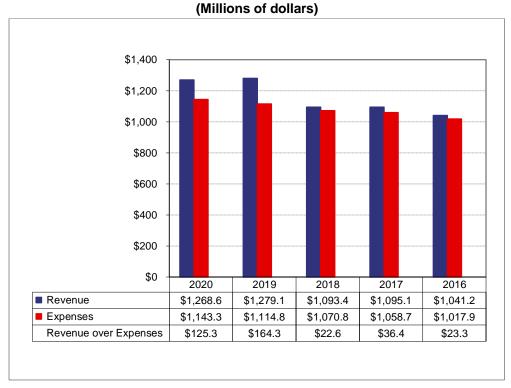
### % of Total Revenue and Expenses

Year ended April 30	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
	%	%	%	%	%
REVENUE					
Student fees	56.4	54.3	50.3	50.7	49.9
Grants and contracts	30.5	32.7	35.7	34.7	35.7
Sales and services	5.1	5.4	5.9	6.0	6.2
Fees, recoveries and other income	2.9	2.9	3.4	3.7	3.6
Investment income	2.9	2.6	1.9	2.3	2.3
Amortization of deferred capital contributions	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5
Donations	0.8	0.7	1.4	1.1	0.8
	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
<u>EXPENSES</u>					
Salaries and benefits	67.5	67.0	66.7	67.6	68.5
Operating costs	13.9	15.0	14.5	13.5	13.6
Scholarships and bursaries	8.6	8.2	8.0	7.6	6.8
Amortization of capital assets	4.2	4.1	4.1	4.3	4.2
Taxes and utilities	2.4	2.3	2.9	3.1	3.2
Interest on long-term debt	2.4	2.3	2.5	2.6	2.3
Cost of sales and services	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.3	1.4
	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

## STUDENT HEADCOUNT 2015 – 2019

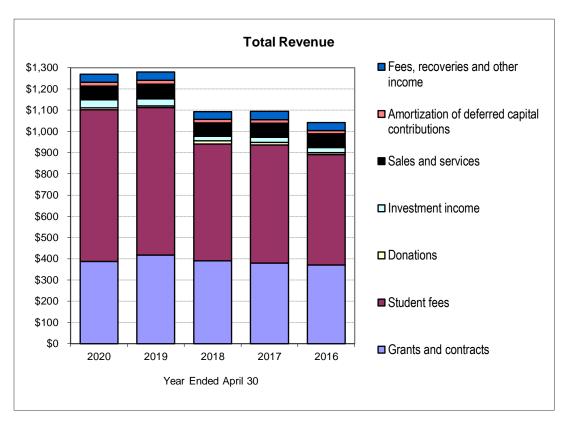


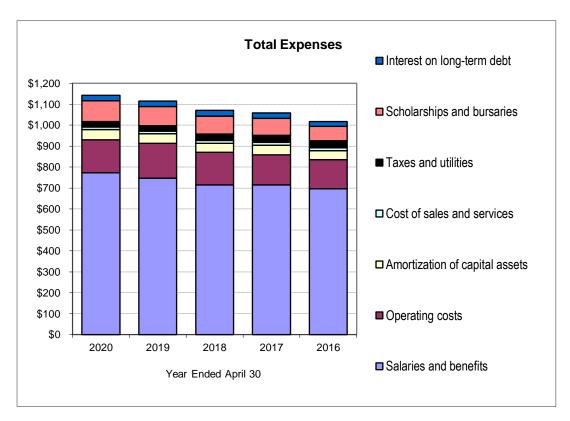
### REVENUE AND EXPENSES Year Ended April 30 2016 – 2020



#### **SUMMARY OF REVENUE AND EXPENSES**

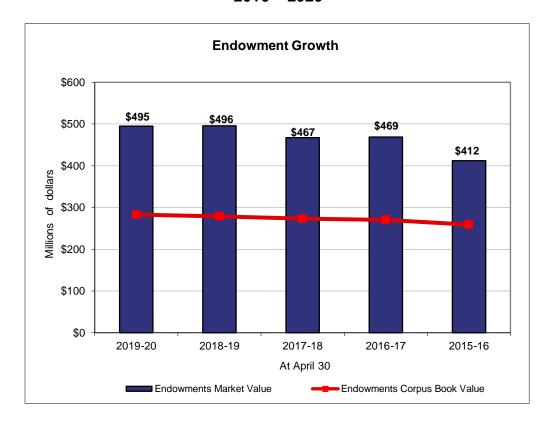
2016 - 2020 (Millions of dollars)

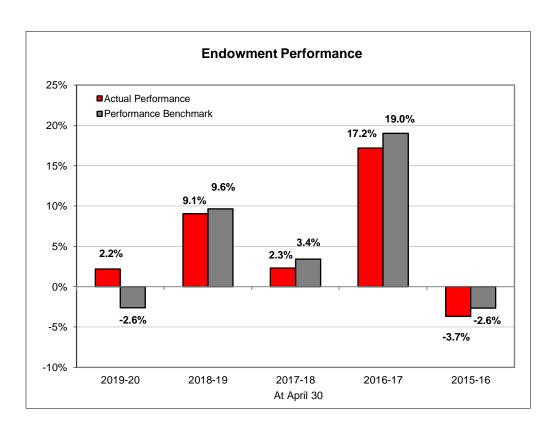




#### **ENDOWMENT GROWTH AND PERFORMANCE**

2016 - 2020





#### Independent auditor's report

To the Board of Governors of **York University** 

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of York University [the "University"], which comprise the balance sheet as at April 30, 2020 and the statement of operations and changes in deficit, statement of changes in net assets and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the University as at April 30, 2020 and its results of operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the University in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Other information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the financial report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information, and in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

We obtained the other information prior to the date of this auditor's report. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact in this auditor's report. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the University's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the University or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the University's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the University's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the University to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities with the University to express an opinion on the financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Toronto, Canada June 23, 2020

Chartered Professional Accountants Licensed Public Accountants

Ernst & young LLP

### **BALANCE SHEET** (Thousands of dollars)

As a	ıt Ap	ril	30
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As at April 30	2020 \$	2019 \$
ASSETS		
Current		
Cash and cash equivalents	159,514	123,959
Accounts receivable (notes 4 and 14)	91,574	85,407
Inventories	3,712	4,435
Prepaid expenses	18,511	18,428
Total current assets	273,311	232,229
Pension plan asset (note 13)	11,970	58,589
Investments (note 3)	1,390,498	1,196,931
Investment in lease (note 4)	41,391	41,887
Capital assets, net (note 5)	1,498,935	1,521,023
	3,216,105	3,050,659
Current Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (notes 8 and 14) Current portion of long-term debt (note 9) Deferred revenue (note 18) Total current liabilities	125,559 498 50,035 176,092	131,567 467 58,917 190,951
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Deferred contributions (note 6)	179,449	168,602
Long-term liabilities (notes 8 and 13)	152,353	148,447
Long-term debt (note 9)	597,690	498,523
Deferred capital contributions (note 10)  Total liabilities	447,324	454,008
Commitments and contingent liabilities (notes 7 and 16)	1,552,908	1,460,531
NET ASSETS Deficit Internally restricted (note 11)	(31,429) 1,215,208	(33,047 1,140,048
Endowments (note 12)	479,418	483,127
Total net assets	1,663,197	1,590,128
	3,216,105	3,050,659

See accompanying notes

On behalf of the Board of Governors:

Paul Tsaparis

Chair

Rhonda L. Lenton

President and Vice-Chancellor

### STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS AND CHANGES IN DEFICIT (Thousands of dollars)

Year	ended	April	30
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REVENUE         714,247           Grants and contracts (note 6)         387,219           Sales and services (note 18)         64,692           Fees, recoveries and other income         37,257           Investment income (note 3)         37,265           Amortization of deferred capital contributions (note 10)         18,163           Donations         9,836           Total revenue         1,268,679           EXPENSES           Salaries and benefits (note 13)         772,384           Operating costs         158,629           Scholarships and bursaries         98,195           Amortization of capital assets         48,484           Taxes and utilities         27,034           Interest on long-term debt (note 9)         27,222           Cost of sales and services         11,397           Total expenses         1,143,345           Revenue over expenses for the year         125,334	<b>2019</b> \$ 694,215
REVENUE         Student fees (note 18)       714,247         Grants and contracts (note 6)       387,219         Sales and services (note 18)       64,692         Fees, recoveries and other income       37,257         Investment income (note 3)       37,265         Amortization of deferred capital contributions (note 10)       18,163         Donations       9,836         Total revenue       1,268,679         EXPENSES         Salaries and benefits (note 13)       772,384         Operating costs       158,629         Scholarships and bursaries       98,195         Amortization of capital assets       48,484         Taxes and utilities       27,034         Interest on long-term debt (note 9)       27,222         Cost of sales and services       11,397         Total expenses       1,143,345	·
Student fees (note 18)       714,247         Grants and contracts (note 6)       387,219         Sales and services (note 18)       64,692         Fees, recoveries and other income       37,257         Investment income (note 3)       37,265         Amortization of deferred capital contributions (note 10)       18,163         Donations       9,836         Total revenue       1,268,679         EXPENSES         Salaries and benefits (note 13)       772,384         Operating costs       158,629         Scholarships and bursaries       98,195         Amortization of capital assets       48,484         Taxes and utilities       27,034         Interest on long-term debt (note 9)       27,222         Cost of sales and services       11,397         Total expenses       1,143,345	69/1 215
Student fees (note 18)       714,247         Grants and contracts (note 6)       387,219         Sales and services (note 18)       64,692         Fees, recoveries and other income       37,257         Investment income (note 3)       37,265         Amortization of deferred capital contributions (note 10)       18,163         Donations       9,836         Total revenue       1,268,679         EXPENSES         Salaries and benefits (note 13)       772,384         Operating costs       158,629         Scholarships and bursaries       98,195         Amortization of capital assets       48,484         Taxes and utilities       27,034         Interest on long-term debt (note 9)       27,222         Cost of sales and services       11,397         Total expenses       1,143,345	60/ 215
Grants and contracts (note 6)       387,219         Sales and services (note 18)       64,692         Fees, recoveries and other income       37,257         Investment income (note 3)       37,265         Amortization of deferred capital contributions (note 10)       18,163         Donations       9,836         Total revenue       1,268,679         EXPENSES         Salaries and benefits (note 13)       772,384         Operating costs       158,629         Scholarships and bursaries       98,195         Amortization of capital assets       48,484         Taxes and utilities       27,034         Interest on long-term debt (note 9)       27,222         Cost of sales and services       11,397         Total expenses       1,143,345	60// 215
Sales and services (note 18)       64,692         Fees, recoveries and other income       37,257         Investment income (note 3)       37,265         Amortization of deferred capital contributions (note 10)       18,163         Donations       9,836         Total revenue       1,268,679         EXPENSES       5         Salaries and benefits (note 13)       772,384         Operating costs       158,629         Scholarships and bursaries       98,195         Amortization of capital assets       48,484         Taxes and utilities       27,034         Interest on long-term debt (note 9)       27,222         Cost of sales and services       11,397         Total expenses       1,143,345	037,213
Fees, recoveries and other income       37,257         Investment income (note 3)       37,265         Amortization of deferred capital contributions (note 10)       18,163         Donations       9,836         Total revenue       1,268,679         EXPENSES       5         Salaries and benefits (note 13)       772,384         Operating costs       158,629         Scholarships and bursaries       98,195         Amortization of capital assets       48,484         Taxes and utilities       27,034         Interest on long-term debt (note 9)       27,222         Cost of sales and services       11,397         Total expenses       1,143,345	418,075
Investment income (note 3)       37,265         Amortization of deferred capital contributions (note 10)       18,163         Donations       9,836         Total revenue       1,268,679         EXPENSES       Salaries and benefits (note 13)       772,384         Operating costs       158,629         Scholarships and bursaries       98,195         Amortization of capital assets       48,484         Taxes and utilities       27,034         Interest on long-term debt (note 9)       27,222         Cost of sales and services       11,397         Total expenses       1,143,345	69,118
Amortization of deferred capital contributions (note 10)       18,163         Donations       9,836         Total revenue       1,268,679         EXPENSES       \$\$ Salaries and benefits (note 13)       772,384         Operating costs       158,629         Scholarships and bursaries       98,195         Amortization of capital assets       48,484         Taxes and utilities       27,034         Interest on long-term debt (note 9)       27,222         Cost of sales and services       11,397         Total expenses       1,143,345	38,615
Donations         9,836           Total revenue         1,268,679           EXPENSES         Salaries and benefits (note 13)         772,384           Operating costs         158,629           Scholarships and bursaries         98,195           Amortization of capital assets         48,484           Taxes and utilities         27,034           Interest on long-term debt (note 9)         27,222           Cost of sales and services         11,397           Total expenses         1,143,345	33,141
Total revenue         1,268,679           EXPENSES         3         772,384         772,384         772,384         0perating costs         158,629         35,629         35,629         35,629         35,629         36,195         36,195         36,195         36,484         37,034         37,034         37,034         37,034         37,034         37,222         37,2	17,467
EXPENSES         Salaries and benefits (note 13)       772,384         Operating costs       158,629         Scholarships and bursaries       98,195         Amortization of capital assets       48,484         Taxes and utilities       27,034         Interest on long-term debt (note 9)       27,222         Cost of sales and services       11,397         Total expenses       1,143,345	8,496
Salaries and benefits (note 13)       772,384         Operating costs       158,629         Scholarships and bursaries       98,195         Amortization of capital assets       48,484         Taxes and utilities       27,034         Interest on long-term debt (note 9)       27,222         Cost of sales and services       11,397         Total expenses       1,143,345	1,279,127
Salaries and benefits (note 13)       772,384         Operating costs       158,629         Scholarships and bursaries       98,195         Amortization of capital assets       48,484         Taxes and utilities       27,034         Interest on long-term debt (note 9)       27,222         Cost of sales and services       11,397         Total expenses       1,143,345	
Operating costs         158,629           Scholarships and bursaries         98,195           Amortization of capital assets         48,484           Taxes and utilities         27,034           Interest on long-term debt (note 9)         27,222           Cost of sales and services         11,397           Total expenses         1,143,345	
Scholarships and bursaries98,195Amortization of capital assets48,484Taxes and utilities27,034Interest on long-term debt (note 9)27,222Cost of sales and services11,397Total expenses1,143,345	746,684
Amortization of capital assets  Taxes and utilities  Interest on long-term debt (note 9)  Cost of sales and services  Total expenses  48,484  27,034  Interest on long-term debt (note 9)  11,397  Total expenses	166,430
Taxes and utilities 27,034 Interest on long-term debt (note 9) 27,222 Cost of sales and services 11,397 Total expenses 1,143,345	91,854
Interest on long-term debt (note 9) Cost of sales and services  Total expenses  27,222 11,397 1,143,345	46,133
Cost of sales and services 11,397 Total expenses 1,143,345	25,234
Total expenses 1,143,345	26,110
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	12,350
Revenue over expenses for the year 125,334	1,114,795
Revenue over expenses for the year	164,332
	104,332
Employee benefit plans – remeasurements (note 13) (48,313)	(53,257)
Net transfers to internally restricted net assets (note 11) (75,160)	(106,893)
Net transfers to internally restricted endowments (note 12) (243)	(1,493)
Change in deficit in the year 1,618	2,689
Deficit, beginning of year (33,047)	(35,736)
Deficit, end of year (31,429)	(33,047)

See accompanying notes

### STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (Thousands of dollars)

Year ended April 30 2020 2019 Internally **Deficit** restricted Endowments **Total** Total \$ \$ \$ \$ (note 11) (note 12) Net assets, beginning of year (33,047) 1,140,048 483,127 1,590,128 1,448,903 Revenue over expenses for the year 125,334 125,334 164,332 (48,313)Employee benefit plans - remeasurements (note 13) (48,313)(53,257)Net transfers to internally restricted net assets (note 11) (75,160)75,160 Contribution related to land and artwork 47 Investment income (loss) on externally restricted endowments less amounts made available for spending (note 12) (8,113)(8,113)24,344 Contributions to externally restricted endowments (note 12) 4,161 4,161 5,759 Net transfers to internally restricted endowments (243)243 (note 12)

(31,429) 1,215,208

See accompanying notes

Net assets, end of year

479,418

1,663,197

1,590,128

### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(Thousands of dollars)

Year ended April 30

Total ollusu April oo	2020 \$	2019 \$
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Revenue over expenses for the year	125,334	164,332
Add (deduct) non-cash items:	120,004	104,002
Amortization of capital assets	48,484	46,133
Amortization of deferred capital contributions	(18,163)	(17,467)
Amortization of transaction costs	(10,103)	(17, <del>1</del> 07)
Employee benefit plan expense	50,591	44,300
Net change in non-cash balances related to operations (note 14)	(9,549)	(803)
Contributions to employee benefit plans	(47,883)	(43,597)
Cash provided by operating activities	148,864	192,943
	1 10,001	.02,0.0
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of investments, net (note 14)	(201,680)	(175,115)
Purchase of capital assets (note 14)	(27,545)	(62,657)
Cash used in investing activities	(229,225)	(237,772)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Issuance of debenture, net of transactions costs	99,615	-
Repayment of long-term debt	(467)	(406)
Contributions restricted for capital purposes (note 14)	12,607	6,022
Contributions to externally restricted endowments	4,161	5,759
Cash provided by financing activities	115,916	11,375
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents during the year	35,555	(33,454)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	123,959	157,413
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	159,514	123,959
	,	,,,,

See accompanying notes

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(All amounts are in thousands of dollars unless otherwise indicated)

**APRIL 30, 2020** 

#### 1. DESCRIPTION OF THE ORGANIZATION

York University ("York" or the "University") was incorporated under the *York University Act*, 1959 and continued under the *York University Act*, 1965 by the Legislative Assembly of Ontario. The University is dedicated to academic research and to providing post-secondary and post-graduate education. The University is a registered charity and under the provisions of Section 149 of the *Income Tax Act* (Canada) is exempt from income taxes.

York's financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, net assets, revenue, expenses and other transactions of all the operations of the University and organizations in which the University has a controlling shareholding. Accordingly, these financial statements include the operations, research activities and ancillary operations of the University and the York University Development Corporation (an Ontario corporation of which the University is the sole shareholder) that oversees the development of designated undeveloped York lands and which owns York Lanes shopping mall.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Part III of the *CPA Canada Handbook – Accounting*, which sets out generally accepted accounting principles for not-for-profit organizations in Canada and includes the significant accounting policies set out below.

#### a) Revenue recognition

The University follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions, which include donations and grants. Grants are recorded in the accounts when received or receivable, if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Donations are recorded in the accounts when received since pledges are not legally enforceable claims. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when initially recorded in the accounts. Externally restricted contributions, other than endowments, are initially deferred when recorded in the accounts and recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are recognized. Externally restricted contributions received towards the purchase of capital assets are deferred when initially recorded in the accounts and amortized to revenue on the same basis as the related depreciable capital assets are amortized. Externally restricted endowment contributions are recognized as direct increases in net assets when initially recorded in the accounts.

Student fees are recognized as revenue when courses and seminars are held. Sales and services revenue is recognized at the point of sale or when the service has been provided.

Investment income (loss), which consists of interest, dividends, income distributions from pooled funds, realized gains and losses on all investments and unrealized gains and losses on investments recorded at fair value, are recorded as investment income (loss) in the Statement of Operations and Changes in Deficit, except for investment income designated for externally restricted endowments. The amount made available for spending related to externally restricted endowments is recognized as investment income, and any restricted amounts available for spending that remain unspent at year-end are deferred and categorized as deferred contributions. Investment income on externally restricted endowments in excess of the amount made available for spending, losses on externally restricted endowments and deficiency of investment income compared to the amount available for spending are recognized as direct increases (decreases) to endowments.

Investment income (loss) designated for internally restricted endowments is recognized in the Statement of Operations and Changes in Deficit. The investment income (loss) net of all actual spending against internal endowments is transferred between the unrestricted deficit and internally restricted endowments through the Statement of Changes in Net Assets.

#### b) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the administration to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, related amounts of revenue and expenses, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. Significant areas requiring the use of estimates relate to the assumptions used in the determination of the valuation of pension and other retirement benefit assets/obligations, assumptions used in the determination of the valuation of the impact of the labour disruption, and the recording of contingencies. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### c) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on deposit and investments with a maturity of approximately three months or less at the date of purchase, unless they are held for investment rather than liquidity purposes, in which case they are classified as investments.

#### d) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. The cost of inventories is assigned by using the first-in, first-out method or weighted average cost method, depending on the nature and use of the inventory items. The same costing method is used for all inventories having a similar nature and use.

#### e) Financial instruments

Investments reported at fair value consist of equity instruments that are quoted in an active market as well as pooled fund investments, derivative contracts and any investments in fixed income securities that the University designates upon purchase to be measured at fair value. Transactions are recorded on a trade date basis, and transaction costs are recognized in the Statement of Operations and Changes in Deficit in the period during which they are incurred.

Investments in fixed income securities not designated to be measured at fair value are initially recorded at fair value plus transaction costs, which represents cost, and are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method, less any provision for impairment.

Long-term debt is initially recorded at fair value, which represents cost, and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. Long-term debt is reported net of related premiums, discounts and transaction issue costs.

Other financial instruments, including cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accounts payable, are initially recorded at fair value, which represents cost, and subsequently measured at cost, net of any provisions for impairment.

#### f) Capital assets

Purchased capital assets are recorded at cost. Contributed capital assets are recorded at fair market value at the date of contribution. Amortization of capital assets is provided on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

	Annual Rate	Years
Buildings, facilities and infrastructure	2.5% to 10%	10 to 40
Equipment and furnishings	10% to 33.3%	3 to 10
Library books	100%	1

Construction in progress expenditures are capitalized as incurred and are amortized as described above once the asset is placed into service. Capitalized expenditures include interest on related debt funding of such expenditures.

Donations of items included in the art collection are recorded as direct increases in capital assets and net assets at an appraised value established by independent appraisal in the period receipted by the University. The art collection is considered to have a permanent value and is not amortized.

Capital assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of an asset may not contribute to the University's ability to provide goods and services. Any impairment results in a write-down of the asset and an expense in the statement of operations. An impairment loss is not reversed if the fair value of the related asset subsequently increases.

#### g) Foreign exchange translation

The University accounts for revenue and expense transactions denominated in a foreign currency at the exchange rate in effect at the date of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in a foreign currency are translated at year-end exchange rates, and any translation gain or loss is included in the Statement of Operations and Changes in Deficit. Foreign exchange gains and losses on investments are accounted for consistent with investment income.

#### h) Employee benefit plans

The University has a defined contribution pension plan, which has a defined benefit component that provides a minimum level of pension benefits. The University also has other retirement and post-employment benefit plans that primarily provide medical and dental benefits. The University accounts for the cost of benefits related to the defined contribution plan as contributions are due.

The University accounts for its defined benefit employee plans using the immediate recognition approach. The University recognizes the amount of the accrued benefit obligations, net of the fair value of plan assets measured at year-end, adjusted for any valuation allowances. Current service and finance costs are expensed during the year. Remeasurements and other items related to actuarial gains and losses and differences between actual and expected returns on plan assets and past service costs are recognized as a direct increase or decrease in net assets. The accrued benefit obligations for employee benefit plans are determined based on actuarial valuation reports prepared for funding purposes. These reports are required to be prepared at least on a triennial basis. In years where actuarial valuations are not prepared, the University uses a roll-forward technique to estimate the accrued liability using assumptions from the most recent actuarial valuation reports.

#### i) New accounting standards

During the year, the University adopted the new accounting standards Section 4433, Tangible Capital Assets, and Section 4434, Intangible Capital Assets as of May 1, 2019. Section 4433, Tangible Capital Assets replaces the previous Section 4431, Tangible Capital Assets and provides additional guidance on contributed assets and the write-down (partial impairment) of assets. Section 4434, Intangible Capital Assets replaces the previous Section 4432, Intangible Capital Assets and provides additional guidance on contributed assets and the write-down (partial impairment) of assets. The changes did not have any impact on these financial statements.

#### 3. INVESTMENTS

#### a) Investments consist of the following:

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Cash	3,653	8,258
Short-term investments	8,881	8,885
Guaranteed investment certificates	568,750	382,127
Canadian government bonds	47,856	74,376
Canadian corporate bonds	194,202	237,631
Foreign bonds	131,243	49,703
Mortgages	74,819	72,914
Canadian and global equities	318,042	326,681
Infrastructure	41,837	35,474
Other	1,215	882
Total	1,390,498	1,196,931

Investments in pooled funds have been allocated among asset classes based on the underlying investments held in the pooled funds.

All investments are recorded at fair value, except certain bonds, mortgages and other investments, which are carried at amortized cost. As at year-end, investments are recorded in the accounts as follows:

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Fair value – endowments	494,970	496,040
Amortized cost – operating and sinking funds	895,528	700,891
Total	1,390,498	1,196,931

Investments are exposed to foreign currency, interest rate, other price, and credit risks (note 17). The University manages these risks through policies and procedures governing asset mix, equity and fixed income allocations, and diversification among and within asset categories.

To manage foreign currency risk, a hedging policy has been implemented for the University's foreign currency denominated investments to minimize exchange rate fluctuations and the resulting uncertainty on future financial results. All outstanding contracts have a remaining term to maturity of less than one year. The University has contracts outstanding held in foreign currencies, as detailed below.

The notional and fair values of the foreign currency forward contracts are as follows:

	2	2020	2	2019
Currency sold	Notional value (CAD \$)	Fair value of contract (CAD \$)	Notional value (CAD \$)	Fair value of contract (CAD \$)
USD	29,409	317	26,575	(278)

The fair value of the foreign currency forward contracts is included in other investments. The change in the fair value of the foreign currency forward contracts is accounted for consistent with investment income in the Statement of Operations and Changes in Deficit.

#### b) Investment income consists of the following:

	2020 \$	2019 \$
Investment income on endowments, net of management fees (note 12)	8,682	39,577
Remove investment income credited to external endowments (note 12)	(8,340)	(37,987)
Add allocations for spending on external endowments, net of deferrals	13,996	12,943
Investment income attributable to endowments	14,338	14,533
Other investment income	22,927	18,608
Total	37,265	33,141

#### 4. INVESTMENT IN LEASE

The University has entered into a direct finance lease with the Ontario Infrastructure and Lands Corporation ("OILC"), formerly the Ontario Realty Corporation. The leased facilities are located on the Keele campus and are occupied by the Archives of Ontario. The lease commenced on February 25, 2009 for an initial period of 25 years plus three options to extend the term, each for 10 years. Prior to the commencement of the lease, the OILC exercised the first ten-year renewal option.

To construct the facilities used by the Archives of Ontario, in May 2007, the University entered into contractual agreements with a consortium that undertook the design, construction and financing of the facility during the construction phase of the project.

As payment for the cost of the facility, York assigned the revenue stream under the OILC lease to the consortium for a period of 35 years. However, York remains liable for the lease payments to the consortium should OILC default.

The present value of the lease payments due from OILC at lease commencement was determined to be \$45 million based on a discount rate of 10.5% and with no residual value assigned to the Archives of Ontario facility.

The carrying value of the investment in lease comprises aggregate minimum lease payments due from OILC over 35 years less unearned finance income at a rate of 10.5%. The balance is calculated as follows:

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Aggregate future minimum lease payments	110,420	115,238
Less unearned finance income	(68,533)	(72,905)
Investment in lease (note 8)	41,887	42,333
Less current portion recorded in accounts receivable	(496)	(446)
Balance, end of year	41,391	41,887

Minimum future lease payments are expected to be as follows:

	\$
2021	4,818
2022	4,818
2023	4,818
2024	4,818
2025	4,818
Thereafter	86,330
Total	110,420

The University has recorded the amounts owed to the consortium under the lease assignment within the liabilities section of the Balance Sheet. The current portion of \$496 (2019 – \$446) is reported within accounts payable and accrued liabilities while the long-term portion is reported in long-term liabilities as \$41,391 (2019 – \$41,887) (note 8). This liability has been discounted at a rate of 10.5% and will reduce over the 35-year lease assignment term, concurrent with the reduction to investment in lease.

#### 5. CAPITAL ASSETS

progress
Art collection

Total

Capital assets consist of the following:

	Cost \$	Accumulated amortization	Net book value \$	Cost \$	Accumulated amortization	Net book value \$
Land	590,472	-	590,472	590,472	-	590,472
Buildings, facilities and infrastructure	1,434,325	605,407	828,918	1,421,978	570,884	851,094
Equipment and furnishings	146,367	91,461	54,906	141,774	85,666	56,108
Library books	48,447	48,447	-	52,242	52,242	-
Construction in						

18,436

6,203

1,498,935

17,146

6,203

2,229,815

2019

708,792

17,146

6,203

1,521,023

2020

745,315

- a) During the year, the total cost of items added to library books was \$1,792 (2019 \$2,778) and the total cost of items removed was \$5,587 (2019 \$5,793).
- b) The Glendon campus land and a majority of the Keele campus land were acquired by grants. These grants had restrictive covenants, which have been registered on the title of the property, and which purport to limit use of the properties for educational or research purposes at the University level.

#### 6. DEFERRED CONTRIBUTIONS

18,436

6,203

2,244,250

Deferred contributions represent unspent externally restricted grants and donations and unexpended available income on externally restricted endowments. The changes in deferred contributions are as follows:

		2020			2019	
		Donations			Donations	
		and			and	
	Research	expendable		Research	expendable	
	and other	balances		and other	balances	
	grants and	from		grants and	from	
	contracts	endowments	Total	contracts	endowments	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance, beginning of year	117,898	50,704	168,602	114,973	47,846	162,819
Contributions, grants and						
investment income	80,039	31,148	111,187	87,711	28,048	115,759
Transfers to revenue	(70,079)	(30,261)	(100,340)	(84,786)	(25,190)	(109,976)
Balance, end of year	127,858	51,591	179,449	117,898	50,704	168,602

#### 7. CREDIT FACILITIES

The University has an unsecured demand operating facility in the amount of \$20 million. This facility bears interest at a rate that varies with the balances on deposit, ranging from the bank's prime rate of 2.45% plus or minus 0.5%. Letters of credit in the amount of \$5.4 million (2019 – \$5.0 million) have been utilized against this facility.

#### 8. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liabilities consist of the following:

	2020 \$	2019
		\$
Obligation under lease assignment (note 4)	41,887	42,333
Less current portion recorded in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(496)	(446)
Long-term portion of obligation under lease assignment	41,391	41,887
Employee other benefits (note 13)	110,962	106,560
Total	152,353	148,447

#### 9. LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt consists of the following:

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Debentures		
Senior unsecured debenture bearing interest at 6.48%, maturing on March 7, 2042	200,000	200,000
Senior unsecured debenture bearing interest at 5.84%, maturing on May 4, 2044	100,000	100,000
Senior unsecured debenture bearing interest at 4.46%, maturing on February 26, 2054	100,000	100,000
Senior unsecured debenture bearing interest at 3.58%, maturing on May 26, 2056	100,000	100,000
Senior unsecured debenture bearing interest at 3.39%, maturing on April 1, 2060	100,000	-
Other debentures bearing interest at 6.88% to 7.63%, maturing from 2021 to 2023 Weighted average interest rate is 7.36% (2019 – 7.32%)	1,071	1,435
Term Loans		
Term loan bearing interest at 4.50%, maturing in 2023	466	569
	601,537	502,004
Unamortized transaction costs	(3,349)	(3,014)
	598,188	498,990
Less current portion	(498)	(467)
Total	597,690	498,523

Scheduled future minimum annual repayments of long-term debt are as follows:

	\$
2021	498
2022	345
2023	368
2024	326
Thereafter	600,000
Total	601,537

Certain buildings with an insignificant net book value have been pledged as collateral for certain mortgages and certain term loans. The amount of interest expense during the year on long-term debt was \$27,222 (2019 – \$26,110).

#### 10. DEFERRED CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS

The changes in the deferred capital contributions balance are as follows:

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Balance, beginning of year	454,008	464,325
Contributions in the year (note 14)	11,479	7,150
Amortization of deferred capital contributions	(18,163)	(17,467)
Balance, end of year	447,324	454,008
Comprising:		
Capital contributions - expended	442,450	454,008
Capital contributions - unexpended	4,874	-
Balance, end of year	447,324	454,008

#### 11. INTERNALLY RESTRICTED NET ASSETS

Details of internally restricted net assets are as follows:

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
Departmental carryforwards	194,798	118,200
University fund	33,464	58,448
Computing systems development	11,829	13,012
Contractual commitments to employee groups	5,935	5,984
Research programs	33,605	30,413
Employee pension benefits (note 13)	11,970	58,589
Sinking fund	78,881	74,425
Investment in capital assets	25,007	36,801
Land appraisal reserve	585,602	585,602
Capital reserve	263,196	183,853
Future funded capital projects	(29,079)	(25,279)
Total	1,215,208	1,140,048

Internally restricted net assets include funds committed for specific purposes that reflect the application of the Board of Governors' policy as follows:

- i. Departmental carryforwards These represent the cumulative positions of all Faculties and Divisions with net unspent balances at year-end. Under Board policy, which is approved annually, Faculties and Divisions are entitled to carry forward the net unspent funds from previous years' allocations. These funds provide units with a measure of flexibility established through prudent administration over several years to assist with future balancing of their budgets in the face of additional anticipated budget reductions, as well as resources that are to meet commitments made during the year.
- ii. University fund This represents funds set aside to address future academic and strategic initiatives of the University.
- iii. Computing systems development The University is planning to implement or upgrade several administrative computing and information systems. These appropriated funds support forward commitments for these systems planned or in progress, as well as planned future stages of system implementation not yet contracted for at year-end.
- iv. Contractual commitments to employee groups This is the net carryforward of funds to meet future commitments defined under collective agreements with various employee groups.

- v. Research programs This represents appropriations for internally-funded research.
- vi. Employee pension benefits This represents the pension asset associated with the pension plan.
- vii. Sinking fund This represents funds set aside to retire capital debt.
- viii. Investment in capital assets This represents the net amount of capital assets funded using internal capital.
- ix. Land appraisal reserve This represents the increase to the appraised value of University land, as at May 1, 2011.
- x. Capital reserve This represents funds restricted for deferred maintenance, capital emergencies and capital projects planned or in progress.
- xi. Future funded capital projects This represents projects that will be funded in the future through a combination of budget allocations, donations and debt.

#### 12. ENDOWMENTS

Endowments include restricted donations received by the University and funds that have been internally designated. Investment returns generated from endowments are used in accordance with the various purposes established by the donors or by the Board of Governors. On an annual basis, the University determines the distribution for spending after a review of each individual endowment's original contribution, market value, and consideration of the long-term objective to preserve the purchasing power of each endowment.

The changes in net assets restricted for endowments are as follows:

	2020			2019			
	Internally restricted \$	Externally restricted	Total \$	Internally restricted \$	Externally restricted \$	Total \$	
Balance, beginning of year	18,044	465,083	483,127	17,103	434,428	451,531	
Contributions	-	4,161	4,161	-	5,759	5,759	
Investment income (note 3)	342	8,340	8,682	1,590	37,987	39,577	
Available for spending	(99)	(16,453)	(16,552)	(97)	(13,643)	(13,740)	
Transfers	(1,634)	1,634	-	(552)	552	-	
Balance, end of year	16,653	462,765	479,418	18,044	465,083	483,127	

#### Ontario Student Opportunity Trust Fund and Ontario Trust for Student Support

Externally restricted endowments include grants from the Government of Ontario under the Ontario Student Opportunity Trust Fund ("OSOTF") and the Ontario Trust for Student Support ("OTSS") matching programs. These programs provided matching funds for eligible endowment donations in support of student aid. Investment income earned on these funds is used to finance awards to qualified students.

The position of these fund balances, at book and market value, are calculated as follows:

For the year ended April 30	OSOTF I \$	OSOTF II	2020 \$	2019 \$
Endowment Funds:	·	•	•	•
Endowment at book value, beginning and end of year	67,583	10,714	78,297	78,297
Endowment at market value, end of year	110,378	16,539	126,917	129,391
Expendable Funds:				
Balance, beginning of year	27,977	2,213	30,190	28,300
Realized investment gains, net of capital protection	9,034	1,351	10,385	5,875
Bursaries awarded	(3,806)	(633)	(4,439)	(3,985)
Expendable funds available for awards, end of year	33,205	2,931	36,136	30,190
Number of bursaries awarded	2,060	357	2,417	1,990
OTSS			2020	2019
For the year ended March 31*			\$	\$
Endowment Funds:				
Endowment at book value, beginning and end of year			45,764	45,764
Endowment at market value, end of year			65,938	69,985
Expendable Funds:				
Balance, beginning of year			17,503	16,397
Realized investment gains, net of capital protection			6,216	3,052
Bursaries awarded			(2,550)	(1,946)
Expendable funds available for awards, end of year			21,169	17,503
Number of bursaries awarded			1,244	1,003

<sup>\*</sup>As per reporting guidelines as determined by the Ministry of Colleges and Universities.

The expendable funds available for awards are included in deferred contributions (note 6) on the Balance Sheet.

#### 13. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

The University has a number of funded and unfunded benefit plans that provide pension, other retirement and postemployment benefits to most of its employees. The pension plan is a defined contribution plan, which has a defined benefit component that provides a minimum level of pension benefits. The most recent actuarial valuation for funding purposes for the pension plan was performed as at December 31, 2019.

Other retirement benefit plans are contributory health care plans with retiree contributions adjusted annually. A plan also provides for long-term disability income benefits after employment, but before retirement. The most recent actuarial valuation for other post-retirement benefits was performed as at May 1, 2017. The most recent actuarial valuation for post-employment benefits was performed as at April 30, 2020.

	2020		2019	
	Pension benefit plan \$	Other benefit plans \$	Pension benefit plan \$	Other benefit plans \$
Plan surplus (deficit), beginning of year	58,589	(106,560)	107,201	(101,212)
Employee benefit plan expense	(40,228)	(10,363)	(34,658)	(9,642)
Remeasurements	(48,736)	423	(52,048)	(1,209)
Employer contributions	42,345	5,538	38,094	5,503
Plan surplus (deficit), end of year	11,970	(110,962)	58,589	(106,560)
Additional Information:				
Plan assets	2,819,885	-	2,739,620	-
Plan obligations	(2,807,915)	(110,962)	(2,681,031)	(106,560)
Plan surplus (deficit), end of year	11,970	(110,962)	58,589	(106,560)
Employee contributions	34,097	_	32,772	_
Benefits paid and administrative expenses	129,152	6,237	113,360	5,503

Remeasurements consist of actuarial gains (losses) and the difference between expected and actual investment returns on plan assets.

The pension plan surplus is recorded in assets on the Balance Sheet. The other benefit plan deficiency is included in long-term liabilities (note 8) on the Balance Sheet.

The significant actuarial assumptions adopted in measuring the University's accrued benefit surplus (deficit) and benefit costs are as follows:

	2020		20	19
	Pension	Other	Pension	Other
	benefit	benefit	benefit	benefit
	plan	plans	plan	plans
	%	%	%	%
Accrued benefit surplus (deficit)				
Discount rate	5.75	5.75	5.75	5.75
Rate of inflation	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Rate of compensation increase	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
Benefit expense				
Discount rate	5.75	5.75	5.75	5.75
Rate of inflation	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Expected long-term rate of return on				
plan assets	5.75	-	5.75	-
Rate of compensation increase	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00

For measurement purposes, 4.87% (2019 - 4.89%) and 4.67% (2019 - 4.76%) annual increases in the cost of covered health care benefits were assumed for the post-retirement benefit and post-employment benefit plans, respectively. The rate of increase was assumed to decrease gradually to 4.00% in 2038 and 2029 for post-retirement benefit plan and post-employment benefit plan, respectively; the rate of increase is to remain at that level thereafter.

The assets of the pension benefit plan are invested as follows:

	2020	2019
	%	%
Equities	51	53
Fixed income	32	30
Other	17	17
Total	100	100

#### 14. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

The net change in non-cash balances related to operations consists of the following:

	2020 \$	2019 \$
Accounts receivable	(7,295)	31,186
Inventories	723	(877)
Prepaid expenses	(83)	318
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(4,859)	2,046
Deferred revenue	(8,882)	(39,259)
Deferred contributions	10,847	5,783
Net change in non-cash balances related to operations	(9,549)	(803)

The purchase of investments is calculated as follows:

	2020 \$	2019 \$
Change in investments	(193,567)	(199,459)
Investment income (loss) on externally restricted endowments less amounts made		
available for spending (note 12)	(8,113)	24,344
Sale (purchase) of investments, net	(201,680)	(175,115)

The purchase of capital assets is calculated as follows:

	2020 \$	2019 \$
Additions to capital assets	(26,396)	(55,741)
Change in current year, from the previous year, in accounts payable and accrued liabilities related to capital asset additions	(1,149)	(6,963)
Donations of artwork and land	-	47
Purchase of capital assets	(27,545)	(62,657)

Contributions restricted for capital purposes is calculated as follows:

	2020 \$	2019 \$
Additions to deferred capital contributions (note 10)	11,479	7,150
Change in current year, from the previous year, in accounts receivable related to		
capital asset additions	1,128	(1,128)
Contributions restricted for capital purposes	12,607	6,022

As at April 30, 2020, accounts payable and accrued liabilities include government remittances payable of \$17,835 (2019 – \$16,647).

#### 15. RELATED ENTITY

The University is a member, with thirteen other universities, of a joint venture called TRIUMF, Canada's national laboratory for particle and nuclear physics located on the University of British Columbia ("UBC") campus. TRIUMF is an unincorporated registered charity, and each university has an undivided 7.14% (2019 – 7.14%) interest in its assets, liabilities and obligations. The land and buildings it occupies are owned by UBC. The facilities and its operations are funded by federal government grants, and the University has made no direct financial contribution to date. TRIUMF's net assets are not contemplated to be and are not readily realizable by the University. The University's interest in the assets, liabilities and results of operations are not included in these financial statements (see also *note 16(c)*).

The following financial information as at March 31 for TRIUMF was prepared in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards, including accounting standards that apply to government not-for-profit organizations, except that all capital assets and related provisions for decommissioning costs, if any, are expensed in the year in which the costs are incurred.

	2020	2019
	\$	\$
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Statement of Financial Position		
Total assets	54,767	54,766
Total liabilities	8,823	9,283
Total fund balances	45,944	45,483
Statement of Combined Funding/Income and Expenses		
Revenue	85,605	87,264
Expenses	85,144	82,832
Surplus of revenue over expenses	461	4,432

#### 16. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

#### a) Litigation and other regulatory proceedings

The nature of the University's activities is such that there is usually litigation and/or other regulatory proceedings pending or in prospect at any one time. With respect to known claims at April 30, 2020, the University believes it has valid defences and appropriate insurance coverage in place. Therefore, such claims are not expected to have a material effect on the University's financial position. There exist other claims or potential claims where the outcome cannot be determined at this time. Should any additional losses occur, they would be charged to income in the year they can be estimated.

#### b) Canadian University Reciprocal Insurance Exchange ("CURIE")

The University participates in a reciprocal exchange of insurance risks in association with other Canadian universities. This self-insurance reciprocal, CURIE, involves a subscriber agreement to share the insurable property and liability risks of member universities for a term of not less than five years. Plan members are required to pay annual deposit premiums, which are actuarially determined and expensed in the year. Plan members are subject to further assessment in proportion to their participation in the event premiums are insufficient to cover losses and expenses. As at December 31, 2019, CURIE was fully funded.

#### c) TRIUMF

While there is no intention of decommissioning the TRIUMF facilities, the TRIUMF joint venture members have complied with federal legislation by putting in place a decommissioning plan, including a funding plan, in the event TRIUMF is decommissioned. The decommissioning plan is updated regularly in compliance with TRIUMF's licensing requirements. As at March 31, 2019, the balance in the fund, \$11.5 million, is held in an escrow account to fund decommissioning costs. Each member university has entered into an agreement confirming they will share the cost of any funding shortfall in the event decommissioning costs exceed funding available for decommissioning.

#### d) Capital and other commitments

The estimated cost to complete committed capital and other projects as at April 30, 2020 is approximately \$78.3 million. These capital projects will be financed by government grants, internal funds, and fundraising.

#### 17. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

The University is exposed to various financial risks through transactions in financial instruments.

#### Foreign currency risk

The University is exposed to foreign currency risk with respect to its investments denominated in foreign currencies, including the underlying investments of its pooled funds denominated in foreign currencies, because the fair value and future cash flows will fluctuate due to the changes in the relative value of foreign currencies against the Canadian dollar. The University uses foreign currency forward contracts to manage the foreign currency risk associated with its investments denominated in foreign currencies (note 3).

#### Interest rate risk

The University is exposed to interest rate risk with respect to its investments in fixed income investments including a pooled fund that holds fixed income securities, its investment in lease and offsetting liability, and with respect to its fixed rate debt, because the fair value will fluctuate.

#### Credit risk

The University is exposed to credit risk in connection with its accounts receivable and its short-term and fixed income investments because of the risk that one party to the financial instrument may cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The credit quality of fixed income investments is managed by the University's investment managers in accordance with policies of the University. The external managers are responsible for the regular monitoring of credit exposures. The majority of the University's investments in fixed income securities are of investment grade.

#### Other price risk

The University is exposed to other price risk through changes in market prices (other than changes arising from interest rate or currency risks) in connection with its investments in equity securities and pooled funds.

#### Liquidity risk

The University is exposed to liquidity risk to the extent that it will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with its financial liabilities.

#### 18. LABOUR DISRUPTION

The University experienced a labour disruption in fiscal 2017-18 by CUPE 3903, which represents over 3,000 individuals employed as contract faculty, teaching and graduate assistants by the University. The labour disruption began on March 5, 2018 and had not been settled by April 30, 2018.

As a consequence of this labour disruption, a number of classes were suspended and some students were not able to complete their classes and exams, by the end of April 30, 2018, which represents the normal conclusion of instruction and exams. The University conducted remediation efforts in fiscal 2018-19 for those students who were unable to complete their term by the end of fiscal 2017-18. Students were also given the option of withdrawing from courses and receiving an equivalent tuition credit to be used before the end of the winter term of fiscal 2019.

In addition, certain services provided to students related to housing and parking were extended into fiscal 2018-19.

In fiscal 2017-18, the University deferred a portion of student fees totalling \$61,808 and sales and services revenue totalling \$2,010 for services not yet performed. The amounts deferred in fiscal 2017-18 are recognized in revenue in fiscal 2018-19.

#### 19. COVID-19

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared the spread of coronavirus ("COVID-19") to constitute a global pandemic. This has resulted in governments worldwide enacting emergency measures to combat the spread of the virus including travel restrictions in and out of and within Canada, barring gathering of people and requirements to stay at home. These restrictions impacted the operations of the University and resulted in the closure of physical premises of all post-secondary institutions. The impact of COVID-19 also adversely impacted global commercial activity and contributed to the significant volatility in certain equity and debt markets. This led to significant volatility and declines in the global public equity markets and it is uncertain how long this volatility will continue.

The extent of such adverse effects on the University's business and financial and operational performance are uncertain and difficult to assess. The financial impacts will depend on future developments, including the duration, spread and severity of the outbreak, physical distancing requirements, the duration and geographic scope of related travel advisories and restrictions, and the extent of disruptions to businesses globally and its related impact on the economy.

Given the outcome and timeframe to a recovery from the current pandemic is highly unpredictable, it is not practicable to estimate and disclose possible impacts on future operations at this time. As at April 30, 2020, the University did not make significant adjustments to reflect the possible future impact of COVID-19 on its long term operations or assets. Investments reported at fair value were valued based on markets as at year-end. The valuation of investments reported at amortized cost, receivables and other estimates within the financial statements were recorded consistent with the University's accounting polices and no additional provisions were deemed necessary by management. Management has assessed the going concern assumption and considers it appropriate, given the University has a strong working capital base and access to liquid resources to support operations in the coming year.

#### 20. COMPARATIVE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Certain comparative figures in the financial statements have been reclassified to conform with the presentation adopted for the current year.